

is characterized by the improvisatory and spontaneous painting technique with the bold and calligraphic brushwork. Focus will be on the genre of bird-and-flower painting; to a lesser extent, animal and tree paintings. Students will learn how to reinterpret the ancient models of Chinese painting, especially those of the Yuan (1271–1368) and Ming (1368–1644) dynasty, with the contemporary elements. This will be followed by an analysis of Chinese calligraphy. *Li Shu*, literally clerical script, which stresses particularly on the symmetrical balance of each character, will be the key of this part. Student will go through the primary technique of *can tou yan yi* (silkworm head and goose tail), and examine abstract aesthetic of this ancient art form.

The rationale to offer this level 1 course is to allow local students to understand their own national culture and build up their own identity through studying Chinese painting and calligraphy—ones of the cores in Chinese visual arts. In the bigger picture, training in Chinese painting is a radical departure from the predominance of Western art, providing quite distinct artistic means for students to express themselves and unlike viewpoints to look at the world, regardless of those who are local, national or international. Besides, this course would make AVA's art training more conspicuous and significant in the light of the deficit of comparable training at the primary and secondary level of the local art education, even after the handover of 1997.

V.A. 2060 Life Drawing (3,4,0) (E)

Prerequisite: V.A. 1090 Introduction to Visual Arts II or any GDCV courses offered by AVA or any Visual Arts courses

Life drawing is a means to strengthen the students' power of perception and observational skills. This class will concentrate on working with life models. It starts from anatomy studies to form, proportion, spatial relationship of figure and pictorial structure. Drawing from human figures is a training to response to gesture, forms and movement, weight, and scale. Students should be able to work critically and selectively to explore ways of representation. Various kinds of drawing media will be used and explored in classes to broaden the scope of drawing expression. As this is a level II drawing class it aims at strengthening students' skills in drawing expressions mainly in forms, proportion, pictorial structure, ways of representation, abstract and conceptual expressions. These objectives will be explored through extensive use of study of the human figure with live models. This course will be beneficial for students who plan to pursue the study of figurative forms in drawing, painting, and sculpture.

V.A. 2080 Space and Site (3,4,0) (E)

Prerequisite: V.A. 1090 Introduction to Visual Arts II or any GDCV courses offered by AVA or any Visual Arts courses

Next to "object" the central concept in three-dimensional visual arts is "space". In opposite to objects however, the nature, essence, and the mode of existence of space, even the ultimate definition of space are still debated. In this context "site" can be defined as spatial mark-making; by distinguishing a particular place within space through an intervention of any kind this location becomes a site.

Space and Site is a course dedicated to concepts and techniques necessary for all those designers and artists who want to work with space as a medium. It includes introductions to contemporary space-related theories and also some of the most important spatial designs of the 20th and 21st centuries. It also familiarizes participants with planning tools such as technical drafting, model making and virtual representations of space, as well as with the basic principles of constructions. These acquired skills and knowledge will be practised in a number of small exercises and one medium-sized project at the scale of a city-furniture or small architectural object.

Upon completion of this course a participant will have the means to develop and conceptualize his/her spatial ideas and present them adequately to an audience of professionals. Especially students who would like to continue their studies into three dimensional subject areas like exhibition design, and installation will benefit from this course.

V.A. 2140 Ceramic Art: From Pinched Pot to Sculptural Form (3,4,0) (E)

Prerequisite: V.A. 1090 Introduction to Visual Arts II or any GDCV courses offered by AVA or any Visual Arts courses

Clay is the most natural and primal element on earth. Its plasticity makes it the most tactile hands-on material in artefact making, while its durability after firing retains a long history of ceramic art in almost all developed cultures. Ceramic artefacts, from shaping of clay to purposed glazing and firing, are completely individual-made, which allows artists to express themselves in this three dimensional medium. Therefore, ceramic art now is treated as traditional craft as well as contemporary art.

This is a studio course designed to teach students the basic hand-building and throwing techniques involved in constructing and surface decorating ceramic forms, from functional ware to sculpture. It creates a practical basis for addressing perceptual and aesthetic concerns as related to formal concepts such as balance, structure, continuity, texture and the spatial relationship between objects. Students will be encouraged to develop their own means of personal expression while working through assignments based on different ceramic techniques and skills.

By learning special hand-building and throwing techniques, and exploring the physical properties of clay as a hands-on creative material, this course enhances the ability of students to express eloquently their ideas through three-dimensional representation, especially with the transformation to one single material. Starting from the aspect of function, students have to investigate the cultural significance of these functional wares, the relationship of details and the functions, and also the connection of these object-forms with the makers and users. In addition to learning the skills and process of making functional studio pottery, students will also be taught for creating vessel-form as art form for aesthetic expression. This in the end conducts to non-functional sculptural concepts in clay using hand-building and various decorating techniques. Emphases will be put on the development of construction skills and an understanding of form/space relation, surface treatment, and firing possibilities.

V.A. 2200 From Liquid to Solid: The Art of Glass Blowing (3,4,0) (E)

Prerequisite: V.A. 1090 Introduction to Visual Arts II or any GDCV courses offered by AVA or any Visual Arts courses

Glass is known as solid-liquid, and is a highly versatile material. Glass is used in everyday life—in functional tableware and related products—or as a medium for fine art production. Glass advances and enriches our life through science, architecture, interior design, everyday products and fine art expression. It is hard to imagine living in a world without glass. Among the many ways of glass making, glass blowing is the most exciting method, and also a unique skill among art materials. Glass blowing introduces students to the most beautiful and functional way of designing objects while expressing their own artistic ideas. Students will explore the endless possibilities of hot glass, while increasing their confidence and accuracy required for craftsmanship.

This course is an introduction to basic techniques of glass blowing as fundamental to glass art. It teaches many ways of glass making from hot-shop techniques such as making paper-weights, cups, vessels and hot sculptures, to cold-shop techniques such as grinding, polishing, engraving and sandblasting. Students will learn how to handle the punty and pipe to gather hot-liquid glass out from an 1180°C furnace. They will learn to make solid sculptures with the punty, and to deliver breath through the pipe, to blow a bubble into a cup, a vessel, or a hollow form for sculpture. Students will explore the potential of hot glass, to express their ideas/designs through the voice of hot-glass, and finalize their products with cold-working techniques. Learning glass blowing will allow students to apply their knowledge in drawing, sculpture, installation and design, thus enabling a broader dimension of artistic expression, as well as activating their imagination.